WHITE PAPER SUMMARY

Three-Craft Summer Program and Infrastructure Initiative in Hungary

Sponsored by China and Hungary

Purpose: Build sustainable food and energy capacity, educational exchange, and Eurasian cooperation.

1. Strategic Vision

- Establish Hungary as a Eurasian hub for medicine, engineering, and agricultural innovation.
- Develop Netherlands-style controlled-environment greenhouse agriculture to ensure regional food security.
- Construct a **thorium-based liquid nitrate reactor** to provide **stable**, **clean regional energy supply**.
- Host an annual **Three-Craft Global Summer Program** (Medicine, Engineering, and Integrated Practice), welcoming **3.2 million international students**.
- Strengthen China-Europe relations, contribute to post-conflict Ukraine reconstruction, and support Hungary's national resilience.

2. Program Overview

- Annual Attendance: 3.2 million students from Asia, Europe, Africa, and Latin America.
- **Location:** Hungarian borderland development zones (agriculture, training camps, housing).
- Fields of Training (The "Three Crafts"):
 - 1. **Medicine** (clinical skills, regenerative health sciences)
 - 2. **Engineering** (energy systems, civil, agricultural, computer engineering)
 - 3. Interdisciplinary Practice (combined medical-engineering problem solving)
- **Experience Model:** Summer camp + technical instruction + field practice in infrastructure projects.

3. Financial Framework

- Primary Funding Source: Approximately 1% of China's USD reserve holdings annually.
- Annual Budget: ~\$32 billion USD allocated as follows:
 - \$16B for student travel, food, housing, equipment (including laptops).
 - **\$16B** for greenhouse agriculture systems, land development, and thorium reactor construction.
- Total 10-Year Program Cost: ~\$320 billion USD.

4. Infrastructure Components

4.1 Food Production

- Construction of high-efficiency greenhouse networks modeled on Dutch agronomy.
- Export-capable production of vegetables, fruits, and nutrient-dense staple greens.
- Development of hydroponic and aquaponic systems to maximize yield and minimize land use.

4.2 Clean Energy

- Deployment of thorium liquid-salt reactor technology for:
 - Stable baseload energy
 - Low-waste output and reduced proliferation risk
 - Scalable clean industrial power for agriculture and manufacturing

4.3 Housing & Camp Facilities

- Reusable student housing villages built in modular systems.
- Year-round use as:
 - Education campuses
 - Agricultural research centers
 - Emergency logistics and civil support infrastructure

5. Diplomatic and Social Outcomes

- Establish long-term **people-to-people ties** among students worldwide.
- Support **Hungary's food security**, population retention, and borderland economic vitality.
- Over 10 years, ~107,000 Chinese nationals (faculty, administrators, specialists) locate long-term to Hungary to help sustain the program.
- Serve as a logistics and technical hub for Ukraine reconstruction post-conflict.
- Reinforce China-Europe trust, cooperation, and economic interdependence through youth and infrastructure investment.

6. Expected Benefits

- Food Security: Hungary and neighboring states gain strategic agricultural resilience.
- **Energy Independence:** Thorium reactor provides clean, stable, scalable regional electricity.
- Youth Exchange: Global cohort of future leaders develops shared identity and cooperation networks.
- **Economic Growth:** Job creation in farming, construction, research, and education sectors.
- Geopolitical Stability: Education-based soft power reduces tensions and builds durable alliances.

7. Implementation Timeline (10 Years)

- 1. **Years 1–2:** Site selection, permitting, pilot greenhouses, initial camp facilities.
- 2. **Years 3–5:** Full greenhouse rollout, thorium reactor construction, first 1 million students.
- 3. **Years 6–10:** Full student program scale (3.2M/year), energy grid connection, export agriculture capacity established.